Safety Data Sheet
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878
AQUASTOP NANOFLEX
Date of first edition: 11/2/2021
Safety Data Sheet dated 11/24/2022
version 7

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: AQUASTOP NANOFLEX

Trade code: SK0028 .082

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Waterproofing agent

Uses advised against: Not available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.
Via dell'Artigianato, 9
41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY
Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581
safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112
Kerakoll Italy - +39-0536-816511
Ireland
Poison information centre: 01 809 2166 (Daily 8am-10pm)
In case of emergency call 999 or 112
Malta
In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Dam. 1	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:
No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Pictograms and Signal Words

Danger

Hazard statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

P102	Keep out of reach of children.

P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Contains

Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)

Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)

Flue Dust, Portland Cement

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None

2.3. Other hazards

When mixtures containing cement react with water, for instance when making concrete or mortar, or when the cement becomes wet, a strong alkaline solution is produced (high pH caused by the formation of calcium, sodium and potassium hydroxides).

Cement and mixtures containing cement may irritate the eyes, the mucous system, the throat and the respiratory system and cause coughing. Frequent inhalation of cement dust or mixtures containing cement over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

In case of prolonged contact with the skin, both cement and mixtures containing cement, including pastes, may cause skin sensitisation due to the presence of trace amounts of chromium VI salts. Where necessary, such an effect can be minimized by incorporating a special reducing agent to maintain the water-soluble chromium VI content to concentration rates below 0.0002% (2 ppm) on the total dry weight of cement.

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%.

Prolonged exposition and/or intensive inhalation of respirable free crystalline silica can cause pulmonary fibrosis commonly referred to as silicosis.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: AQUASTOP NANOFLEX

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
10-19,9 %	Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	
1-2,4 %	Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	
< 1 %	Quartz	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372	
< 0,2 %	Flue Dust, Portland Cement	CAS:68475-76-3 EC:270-659-9	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	01-2119486767-17

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediatley and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO_2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhaltion of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product must be stored in waterproof, dry, clean conditions and protected from contamination. Do not use aluminum containers due to incompatibility of the materials.

The product contains cement with an addition of a Chromium reducing agent (VI) and its effectiveness decreases with time. Consequently, packagings of the material indicate information about the production date, storing conditions and the appropriate storage period for the mantaining of the activity of the reducing agent and for mantaining the soluble Chromium (VI) amount under 2ppm over the total dry weight referred to cement (EN 196-10).

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Notes
Quartz	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA		0.100				Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA		0.150				Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM		0.100				
	NATIONAL	CANADA		0.100				Canada Ontario; Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	CANADA		0.100				Canada Quebec
	NATIONAL	DENMARK		0.300		0.600		Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	DENMARK		0.100		0.200		Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	FINLAND		0.050				Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	FRANCE		0.100				Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY		0.150				Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	IRELAND		0.100				Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	NEW ZEALAND		0.200				Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	CHINA		1.000				Inhalable fraction. 10% <= free SiO2 <= 50%.
	NATIONAL	CHINA		0.700				Inhalable fraction. 50% < free SiO2 <= 80%.
	NATIONAL	CHINA		0.500				Inhalable fraction. Free SiO2 < 80%.
	NATIONAL	SINGAPORE		0.100				Respirable aerosol.
	NATIONAL	SPAIN		0.100				Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN		0.100				Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND		0.150				Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS		0.075				Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	ITALY		0.050				Silice cristallina
	NATIONAL	ITALY		0.025				A2
	NATIONAL	ITALY		10.000				Come particelle non altrimenti specificate PNOC
	NATIONAL	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF		0.050				
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		0.050				NIOSH
	NATIONAL	ARGENTINA		0.050				
	NATIONAL	CHILE		0.080				
	NATIONAL	CROATIA		0.100				
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA		0.100				
	NATIONAL	INDIA		10.000				
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA		0.100				
	NATIONAL	MALAYSIA		0.100				
	NATIONAL	MEXICO		0.025				Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	NORWAY		0.300				Total dust
	NATIONAL	NORWAY		0.100				Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	POLAND		0.100				Respirable fraction

	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	0.025		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	0.050	0.400	
	NATIONAL	SOUTH AFRICA	0.100		
	ACGIH	NNN	0.025		(R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	10.000		This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	5.000		Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	10.000		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	CANADA	1.000		Canada Ontario. The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos an <1 % crystalline silica. Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	CANADA	10.000		Canada Québec. Total
	NATIONAL	CANADA	5.000		Canada Québec. Respirable
	NATIONAL	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	10.000		
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	10.000		
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	5.000		Inhalable fraction
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	1.000		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	5.000		DFG
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	10.000		Inhalable
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	1.000		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	ITALY	10.000		Come particelle non altrimenti specificate PNOC
	NATIONAL	ITALY	5.000		MAK
	NATIONAL	ITALY	1.000		TWA
	NATIONAL	JAPAN	1.000		Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	JAPAN	4.000		Total dust: Total dust comprises particles with a flow speed of 50 to 80 cm/sec at the entry of a particle sampler.
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	6.000		
	NATIONAL	NEW ZEALAND	10.000		The value for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica.
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	1.000		Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	POLAND	2.000		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	10.000		
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	1.000		
	NATIONAL	SINGAPORE	10.000		
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	4.000		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	5.000		Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	15.000		OSHA; Total dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	10.000		NIOSH; Total dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	5.000		NIOSH; Respirable fraction

	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	10.000	Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	4.000	Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	CHILE	8.800	
	NATIONAL	INDONESIA	1.000	
	NATIONAL	MALAYSIA	10.000	
	NATIONAL	MEXICO	1.000	
	ACGIH	NNN	1	(E,R), A4 - Pulm func, resp symptoms, asthma
Calcium carbonate	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	10.000	This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and <1 % crystalline silica.
	NATIONAL	CANADA	10.000	
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	10.000	inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	10.000	inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	10.000	Inhalable fraction
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	4.000	Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	6.000	
	NATIONAL	NEW ZEALAND	10.000	The value for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica.
	NATIONAL	POLAND	10.000	
	NATIONAL	SINGAPORE	10.000	(limestone, marble)
	NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	3.000	respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	15.000	total dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	5.000	respirable dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	10.000	inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	4.000	respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	ITALY	10.000	
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	10.000	
	NATIONAL	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	10.000	

	NATIONAL	CROATIA	10.000	
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	10.000	
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	10.000	
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	10.000	
	NATIONAL	CHILE	5.000	respirable fraction
Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	10.000	This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	5.000	Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	10.000	Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	CANADA	1.000	Canada Ontario. The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos an <1 % crystalline silica. Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	CANADA	10.000	Canada Québec. Total
	NATIONAL	CANADA	5.000	Canada Québec. Respirable
	NATIONAL	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	10.000	
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	10.000	
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	5.000	Inhalable fraction
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	1.000	Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	5.000	DFG
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	10.000	Inhalable
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	1.000	Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	ITALY	10.000	Come particelle non altrimenti specificate PNOC
	NATIONAL	ITALY	5.000	MAK
	NATIONAL	ITALY	1.000	TWA
	NATIONAL	JAPAN	1.000	Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	JAPAN	4.000	Total dust: Total dust comprises particles with a flow speed of 50 to 80 cm/sec at the entry of a particle sampler.
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	6.000	
	NATIONAL	NEW ZEALAND	10.000	The value for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica.
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	1.000	Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	POLAND	2.000	Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	10.000	
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	1.000	
	NATIONAL	SINGAPORE	10.000	
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	4.000	Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	5.000	Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	15.000	OSHA; Total dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	10.000	NIOSH; Total dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	5.000	NIOSH; Respirable fraction

	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	10.000		Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	4.000		Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	CHILE	8.800		
	NATIONAL	INDONESIA	1.000		
	NATIONAL	MALAYSIA	10.000		
	NATIONAL	MEXICO	1.000		
	ACGIH	NNN	1		(E,R), A4 - Pulm func, resp symptoms, asthma
Quartz	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	0.100		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	0.150		respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	0.100		
	NATIONAL	CANADA	0.100		Canada Ontario. Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	CANADA	0.100		Canada Quebec
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	0.300	0.600	Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	0.100	0.200	Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	0.050		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	0.100		Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	0.150		Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	0.100		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	NEW ZEALAND	0.200		Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	CHINA	1.000		Inhalable fraction. 10% <= free SiO2 <= 50%.
	NATIONAL	CHINA	0.700		Inhalable fraction. 50% < free SiO2 <= 80%.
	NATIONAL	CHINA	0.500		Inhalable fraction. Free SiO2 < 80%.
	NATIONAL	SINGAPORE	0.100		Respirable aerosol.
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	0.100		Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	0.100		Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	0.150		Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	0.075		Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	ITALY	0.050		Silice cristallina
	NATIONAL	ITALY	0.025		A2
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	0.050		NIOSH
	NATIONAL	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	0.050		
	NATIONAL	ARGENTINA	0.050		
	NATIONAL	CHILE	0.080		

	NATIONAL	CROATIA	0.100			
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	0.100			
	NATIONAL	INDIA	10.000			
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	0.100			
	NATIONAL	MALAYSIA	0.100			
	NATIONAL	MEXICO	0.025			Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	0.300			Total dust
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	0.100			Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	POLAND	0.100			Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	0.025			
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	0.050	0.400		
	NATIONAL	SOUTH AFRICA	0.100			
	ACGIH	NNN	0.025			(R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	EU	NNN	0.100			(R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
Kaolin	ACGIH	NNN	2.000			(E,R), A4 - Pneumoconiosis
	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	10.000			This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	2.000			
	NATIONAL	CANADA	2.000			Canada Ontario. Respirable aerosol. The value for this particulate matter containing no asbestos and<1 percent crystalline silica.
	NATIONAL	CANADA	5.000			Canada Québec
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	2.000		4.000	Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	2.000			Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	10.000			Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	2.000			
	NATIONAL	NEW ZEALAND	10.000			Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	NEW ZEALAND	2.000			Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	3.000			Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	2.000			Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	15.000			OSHA: Total dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	5.000			OSHA: Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	10.000			NIOSH: Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	5.000			NIOSH: Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	POLAND	10.000			inhalable fraction

Starch	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	10.000			This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	10.000			
	NATIONAL	CANADA	10.000			Ontario
	NATIONAL	CANADA	10.000			Quebec
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	10.000			Inhalable fraction
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	4.000			Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	NEW ZEALAND	10.000			The value for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica
	NATIONAL	SINGAPORE	10.000			
	NATIONAL	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	10.000			
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	10.000			Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	3.000			Respirable dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	10.000			NIOSH; total dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	5.000			NIOSH; respirable dust
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	15.000			OSHA; inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	5.000			OSHA; respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	10.000			Inhalable aerosol
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	4.000			Respirable aerosol
	NATIONAL	ITALY	10.000			
	NATIONAL	ARGENTINA	10.000			
	NATIONAL	GREECE	10.000			
	NATIONAL	INDONESIA	10.000			
	NATIONAL	MALAYSIA	10.000			
	NATIONAL	MEXICO	10.000			
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	10.000			
	NATIONAL	RUSSIAN FEDERATION		10.000		
	NATIONAL	SOUTH AFRICA	10.000			Inhalable particulate
	NATIONAL	SOUTH AFRICA	5.000			Respirable particulate
	ACGIH	NNN	10			A4 - Dermatitis

tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenol	NATIONAL	GERMANY	20.000	20.000	AGS; Long term and short term: inhalable aerosol and vapour
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	20.000	20.000	DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable aerosol and vapour
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	20.000	20.000	
	NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	25.000	25.000	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Component	CAS-No.	PNEC Limit	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency
Flue Dust, Portland Cement	68475-76-3	282.000 µg/l	Freshwater	
		282.000 µg/l	Intermittent releases (freshwater)	
		28.000 µg/l	Marine water	
		6.000 mg/kg	Microorganisms in sewage treatments	
		88.000 µg/kg	Marine water sediments	
		875.000 µg/kg	Freshwater sediments	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Component	CAS-No.	Worker Industry	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency
Flue Dust, Portland Cement	68475-76-3		840.000 µg/m³	840.000 µg/m³	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
			4.000 mg/m³		Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Solid

Color: Grey

Odour: N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: >=10.80<=11.20 Notes 1% (OECD 122)

Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Relative density: 0.98 g/cm3 (EN 1097-03)

Solubility in water: Slightly soluble
Solubility in oil: N.A.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.
Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.
Decomposition temperature: N.A.
Flammability: N.A.
Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0.00 % ; 0.00 g/l
Particle characteristics:
Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

Miscibility: N.A.
Conductivity: N.A.
Evaporation rate: N.A. No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable as long as it is properly stored (see Section 7).

Wet product is alkaline and incompatible with acids, with ammonium salts, with aluminium or other base metals. When in contact with hydrofluoric acid, mixtures contaning cement dissolve to produce corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas. Mixtures containing cement react with water to form silicates and calcium hydroxide. Silicates in cement react with powerful oxidizers such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride and oxygen difluoride.

Intact packaging and compliance with the appropriate storage conditions as indicated in Subsection 7.2 (adequate tightly closed and sealed containers, dry and cool place, no ventilation) are the essential conditions to keep the effectiveness of the reducing agent unaltered throughout the shelf life declared on bag.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids, ammonium salts, aluminium or other base metals. Uncontrolled use of aluminium dust in wet cement-containing products is to be avoided because it causes the production of hydrogen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1(H318)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1B(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Quartz	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000.00000 mg/kg

Flue Dust, Portland Cement	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 1848.00000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 6.04000 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Skin Rat >= 2000.00000 mg/kg 24h
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Negative
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Yes
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 16.00000 mg/kg

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
Flue Dust, Portland Cement	CAS: 68475-76-3 - EINECS: 270-659-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Fish zebrafish = 11.10000 mg/L 96h ECHA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 100.00000 mg/L 48h OECD 202
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOELR Daphnia Daphnia magna = 50.00000 mg/L 48h OECD 211
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EL10 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 68.20000 mg/L 48h OECD 211 - 21 days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 28.20000 mg/L 72h OECD 20
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 596.00000 mg/L OECD Guideline No. 209
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 = 9931.00000 mg/kg ,,PARCOM (1994): MAFF/ERT Harmonised Protocol: A sediment Bioassay using an Amphipod, Corophium sp. Draft 1994. - sediment
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 Worm Eisenia fetida = 1000.00000 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT/vPvB Ingredients are present

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7 Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

A waste code according to European waste catalogue (EWC) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

HP 4: Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage; HP 13: Sensitising

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

N.A.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

N.A.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

14.4. Packing group

N.A.

14.5. Environmental hazards

N.A.

14.6. Special precautions for user

N.A.

Road and Rail (ADR-RID) :

N.A.

Air (IATA) :

N.A.

Sea (IMDG) :

N.A.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EN 196-10 – "Methods of Testing Cement - Part 10: Determination of the water-soluble chromium (VI) content of cement"

According to Annex XVII, Point 47, under Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as amended by Regulation No. 552/2009, cement and mixtures containing cement shall not be placed on the market or used if they contain, after mixing with water, more than 0.0002% (2 ppm) of soluble chromium (VI) of the total dry weight of the cement. Compliance with this threshold limit is ensured through the introduction of a reducing agent into the preparation, the effectiveness of which is guaranteed for a certain period of time (shelf life), and the maintenance of the appropriate storage conditions (see Subsection 7.2 and Section 10).

Cement is a mixture and, as such, is not subject to REACH registration, which is mandatory for substances. Cement clinker is a substance, but it is exempt from registration pursuant to article 2.7 (b) and Annex V.10 of REACH.

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878
Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).
Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

N.A.

Regulation (EU) 649/2012 (PIC regulation):

No Substance Listed

German Water Hazard Class.

Class 1: slightly hazardous for water.

SVHC Substances:

No data available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
3.9/1	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
3.2/2	Calculation method
3.3/1	Calculation method
3.4.2/1B	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor
BEI: Biological Exposure Index
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CAV: Poison Center
CE: European Community
CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
COV: Volatile Organic Compound
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
- 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Exposure Scenario

Flue dust, portland cement

Exposure Scenario, 08/06/2021

Substance identity	
	Flue dust, portland cement
CAS No.	68475-76-3
EINECS No.	270-659-9
Registration number	01-2119486767-17

Table of contents

1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9b, PC9a, PC1, PC15)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Road and construction applications - Professional use of floor care products - Tackifier
Date - Version	25/03/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b) - Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) - Adhesives, sealants (PC1) - Non-metal surface treatment products (PC15)
Article Category(ies)	Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC4a)

Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1 Low environmental release	ERC2

Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Mixing operations - Transfer from/pouring from containers - Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Filling of equipment from drums or containers - Manual - Equipment cleaning and maintenance - Roller, spreader, flow application - Equipment maintenance	PROC5 - PROC8a - PROC8b - PROC10 - PROC11 - PROC19 - PROC26 - PROC28

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC2)

Environmental release categories	Formulation into mixture (ERC2)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Solid, very high dustiness

Vapour pressure:

< 1E-05 Pa

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Transfer from/pouring from containers - Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Filling of equipment from drums or containers - Manual - Equipment cleaning and maintenance - Roller, spreader, flow application - Equipment maintenance (PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC19, PROC26, PROC28)

Process Categories	Mixing or blending in batch processes - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities - Roller application or brushing - Non industrial spraying - Manual activities involving hand contact - Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature - Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery (PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC19, PROC26, PROC28)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Solid, very high dustiness
Solid in solution
pasty

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Exposure duration <= 480 min

Frequency:

Use frequency = 8 h/event

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.
Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
For measures to control risks from physicochemical properties, refer to main body of the SDS, section 7 and/or 8.
Do not ingest.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Use eye protection according to EN 166.
Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Covers indoor and outdoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. 23°C
Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands and forearms.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:

Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Transfer from/pouring from containers - Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Filling of equipment from drums or containers - Manual - Equipment cleaning and maintenance - Roller, spreader, flow application - Equipment maintenance (PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC19, PROC26, PROC28)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, short-term	< 1 mg/m³	MEASE	<= 0.83

Additional information on exposure estimation:

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.